## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## I. IDENTITY:

Label Name: Cramer De-Hesive

Item No. 040431

Chemical Name and Synonyms: N/A

Chemical Family: Mixture

Package Type: Aerosol

Date Prepared: 10/27/2009

Product Class: Tape Remover

Manufacturer: Cramer Products, Inc.

153 West Warren Gardner, KS 66030 Emergency Telephone No.

(913) 856-7511

## II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Hazardous Components	CAS#	OSHA- PEL	ACGIH- TLV	%
Hydrocarbon Propellant		1000 ppm	1000 ppm	>25%
Isobutane	75-28-5			
Propane	74-98-6			
n-Butane	106-97-8			
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	400 ppm	400 ppm	>60%
Glycerine	56-81-5	None Established	$10 \text{ mg/M}^3$	< 5

## III. PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

Boiling Point: N/A

Specific Gravity (Water=1): N/A

Vapor Pressure: ~50 psig (in aerosol can)

Melting Point: N/A

Vapor Density: (Air=1): <1

Evaporation Rate:  $\sim$ 2.3 (liquid; Butyl Acetate =1)

Solubility in Water: partial

Percent Volatile by Volume: >95%

Appearance and Odor: Clear spray with pleasant fragrance.

# IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

Flash Point: -50°F closed cup

Flammable Limits: Lel

Uel

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical or carbon dioxide

(Isopropyl Alcohol) 2

12

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: This is an aerosol product. Use procedures for flammable aerosols.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Contents are flammable and under pressure: if released would add to fire

intensity. Rupturing containers may become projectiles.

# V. REACTIVITY DATA:

Stability: stable

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, open

flame

Hazardous Polymerization: will not occur

Conditions to Avoid: None known

Incompatibility to Avoid: Anhydrides, isocyanates, organometallics, oxygen, and oxidizers

Hazardous Decomposition Byproducts: Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide

and/or carbon dioxide

# VI. HEALTH HAZARD DATA:

Effects of acute overexposure for: Isopropyl Alcohol

Eyes: Can cause severe irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision

Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate irritation, defatting, dermatitis.

Breathing: Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, headache, possible unconsciousness, and even death.

Swallowing: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Effects of chronic overexposure: Isopropyl Alcohol has been found to cause damage to the liver, kidneys and brains of laboratory animals.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

If in eyes: Flush with large amounts of water. Cautiously attempt to lift upper and lower lids occasionally; get medical attention immediately.

If on skin: Thoroughly wash exposed area with soap and water.

If breathed: Remove to fresh air; administer oxygen. Consult physician immediately.

If swallowed: Immediately drink two glasses of water and induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

### VII. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE:

Spills: Eliminate all sources of ignition. Small spills should be flushed with large quantities of water. Larger spills should be collected for disposal.

Waste Disposal: Dispose of product in accordance with applicable local, county, state and federal regulations.

Handling and Storage: Product is an aerosol. Do not use near fire, flame or hot surfaces. Do not puncture or incinerate. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120° F. Keep out of reach of children.

#### VIII. CONTROL MEASURES:

Respiratory Protection: None required in normal use. As with all sprays, breathing mist should be avoided.

Ventilation: Use in well ventilated area.

Protective Gloves: None required Eye Protection: Not required

Protective Clothing or Equipment: None required

Abbreviation Key: N/A = Not Applicable; Lel = Lower explosive limit; Uel = Upper explosive limit

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate. It is the user's obligation to determine the safe use of the product.